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40- - 50- .

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[1].

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 — « »;

« »

[2].

(57%).

« ».

« »

), « » [3].

« 2005 »), (« » 2004 –

», « »

4.01.2002 . 3 «

(10-18 »). 2007 .

[4].

— 68%;

- (85%) - (81,67%); (86,67%),
- (48,33%), (52,67%), (55,67%).
- 10%; - 69,38%. 2006
- (84%), (84%) (92%), (88%), (84%),
- (37,33%), (48%), (54,67%)

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1. « ...» // 47 (422) 7 – 13 2002. // <http://www.dt.ua/2000/2200/36988/>
 2. // <http://www.civicua.org/library/view.html?topic=23261>
 3. : // - 2001. - 2. // <http://www.ucipr.kiev.ua/modules.php?op=modload&name=News&file=article&sid=917&mode=thread&order=0&thold=0>
 4. // <http://www.ucipr.kiev.ua/modules.php?op=modload&name=News&file=article&sid=60238&mode=thread&order=0&thold=0>

SUMMARY

Zaslavska O. GOVERNMENT BODIES OF UKRAINE AS OPEN INFORMATIONAL SYSTEM

In the annotated article the author considers the government bodies as open informational system, in other words we examine direct connection in the system of political communication, analyze if it meets the requirements of democratic society in Ukraine.